

# Economics of Sawtimber Production in Appalachia, Ohio

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# **Economics of Sawtimber Production in Appalachia, Ohio**

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## **INTRODUCTION**

Forest cover of various kinds comprises nearly half of that part of Southeastern Ohio included in the Appalachia area. With such a large area represented by forests, it seems desirable to make some kind of estimate of its possibilities in furnishing economic income to the area.

This publication is concerned with examining income which can be attributed to land and other investments necessary to production of trees. Expenses involved are: yearly labor costs, including fire protection; taxes; fencing; and interest on accumulated investment. Market value of land is assumed to be approximately the same after harvest and therefore its original cost is not included in total costs. All of these costs must be met by value of standing timber at harvest time or the owner will lose money from the production venture, assuming the only income is from trees sold for lumber.

If production of trees for lumber is accompanied by other income, this income can be included in calculating returns. Some such incomes can be measured but others might be almost impossible to measure in terms of monetary value. However, if the venture is one on which an investor must depend for a portion or all of his income, then only the money returns expected are important in a decision to enter or not enter into such a venture.

Since money income from other than timber products is not only difficult to predict and in most cases is nonexistent, this report is concerned only with the forest product itself in terms of sawtimber.

## **LAND VALUE**

All land on which timber will grow has some value. Since the aim of this publication is to determine the economic potential of timber in Southeastern Ohio counties, the price for which various qualities of land in that area would sell must be considered. It is necessary to start with bare land to show the effect of all costs involved in producing sawtimber trees. Assumptions in setting up cost tables are based on bare land values of \$10, \$20, \$30, \$40, and \$50 per acre. It is doubtful that really productive forest land could be purchased at these prices but land much above these prices would probably be attracted into other uses.

Forest areas are not generally considered as being started from bare land. However, clear cutting<sup>1</sup> or even the area released by individual trees removed in selective cutting will mean that all new growth will be from bare land and will require the entire production time to produce another harvest on that area. Differences in total production per acre between "clear cutting" and "selective cutting" with whatever differences in cost are involved could be inserted in the tables with little difficulty. No published material was available on which to base such differences.

Anyone owning forest land or contemplating purchase eventually will be faced with production where the full life of trees is involved. Regardless of the price paid for partly developed forests, the costs of getting the forest to any particular stage have been an expense to someone. For this reason, a range is shown of costs involved at various ages in developing the forest area.

Whenever products from thinning can be sold above costs of cutting and marketing at various times to help defray costs, this income can be subtracted from accumulated costs at time of sale. Past experience indicates such net income is usually very low or nonexistent. Apparently the salvageable material in most cases will not pay more than the cost involved in putting it in marketable form and the cost of selling. However, demand in the future might make it possible to defray some costs by such sale. Generally such products return a very low wage for preparation and sale. The return is so low that only some salvage value for labor below normal wage levels can be expected unless and until prices for such products increase or harvest costs decrease.

### YEARLY COSTS

This category includes all costs other than those connected with original investment. It is difficult to imagine any costs per acre of less than \$1 per year for even the bare essentials of fencing, taxes, and minimal fire protection. While it might be possible to remove part of the value of the forest land from the tax duplicate, this would amount to a subsidy. Subsidies are not included here as either income or as a cost reducer. Someone must bear these costs and the purpose here is to arrive at the economics of forestry as compared to other ventures, admitting that many other farm ventures are affected by subsidies of one kind or another. The land owner can, if he anticipates them, insert such subsidies in the tables in any way it may affect his venture. This

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<sup>1</sup>Clear cutting is the removal of all trees in the area being harvested which would interfere with establishment of a good even-age stand from either planting or seeding. In selective cutting, only those trees deemed ready for harvest are removed.

publication shows how the venture would fare on its own, using competitive interest rates.

Yearly expenses were calculated on combinations of land values of \$10, \$20, \$30, \$40, and \$50 per acre and yearly variable costs of \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4, and \$5 per acre. Expenditures much above \$2 per acre per year probably would provide more intensive management than needed for practical purposes but the higher figures are included to illustrate the burden which higher expenditures create.

Interest is calculated at 4 percent since this is approximately the competitive value from other investments. Planting costs are not included. If planting were done, its costs would be added to land value for purposes of cost calculations.

Tables 1, 2, and 3 show the accumulated costs incurred by the end of the stated year based on selected land values and yearly costs. Amounts shown in Table 3 are those which must be exceeded by net income from sales if the venture is to yield a profit.

Tables 4, 5, and 6 show the yearly costs for specific years. Value of added growth or quality improvement during that year must be sufficient to meet amounts shown in Table 6 if that year is to show a profit.

Effect of "land values" and "other costs" differing from those shown in the tables can be determined from Tables 1 and 2. For example, if land were valued at \$65 per acre and other costs at \$1.50 per year, the accumulated costs at 80 years would be  $(6.5 \times \$220) + (1.5 \times \$574)$  or \$2291.

Added growth attributable to land quality would have to be worth the amount shown for each additional \$10 land cost to pay for the additional cost of land. For example, if land devoted to forestry were valued at \$100 per acre, it would require \$2475.25 ( $5 \times \$495.05$ ) added value of growth at 100 years to pay the extra cost of \$100 land over \$50 land. The compounded interest cost of land value cannot be escaped after the investment is made. Effect of increased increments in yearly variable costs (taxes, fencing, fire protection, and improvement practices) would be calculated in the same way.

Any change in land value at time of harvest could be added to or subtracted from accumulated costs in arriving at net income. Chances of any change of a significant nature in land values compared to accumulated costs are not very great. Such changes in land value probably would not result directly from timber production and could not be credited to forest product income.

## GROWTH AND PRICES NECESSARY FOR PROFIT

Tables 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 show prices per 1,000 board feet (M.B.F.) necessary to pay total costs when a forest is harvested after 50, 60, 80, and 100 years' growth on five different site indices based on given yields<sup>2</sup>. Yield data were taken from Table 2 of U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, reprint of 1961, as calculated on International rule. Adjustments can be made from these tables for yields not included by using appropriate factors. For example, if the yields were 20 percent less than shown in the table, the prices would have to be increased by 25 percent.

Tables 12 through 18 show the growth necessary during specified years to pay that year's costs. Calculations were made with standing timber values from \$20 to \$80 per M.B.F.

Tables 19 through 25 show the accumulated growth of lumber necessary at various ages to pay costs accumulated to the end of stated years. In Tables 12 through 25, the necessity for growth which can be harvested at early dates becomes of paramount importance because of the amount involved in compound interest cost.

Most of the costs involved during the growing period are those of interest on all kinds of capital outlays. For example, if \$40 land is used and other costs of \$1 per year are involved, the interest at 4 percent would amount to \$3168 or about 97 percent of accumulated costs at 100 years. At 50 years, it would be \$354 or 87 percent of accumulated costs.

Most of the yield figures shown in Tables 19 through 25 are well beyond the growth possible for hardwoods on types of soils in Southeastern Ohio which might be used for forestry. So it appears that income must be realized from other than timber production in order to meet costs and leave something for profit. For instance, if trees could be brought to harvestable size in 50 years, it would require only 15,500 board feet at \$30 per M.B.F. to meet costs on \$50 land with \$1 other costs per year. If income could be realized each year equal to all costs other than land investment, it would require 37,700 board feet at \$30 per M.B.F. at 80 years to meet costs. With \$50 land (which at 4 percent interest would bear yearly costs of \$2 per acre) and a yearly outlay of \$1 in addition to land costs, it would be possible to take care of all costs with a yearly net income of \$3 per acre from other uses of the forest area. In that case, return from sale of standing timber would be net income.

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<sup>2</sup>Effect of yields differing from those used for these tables on necessary prices is explained in footnote to Table 7.

## FINANCIAL MATURITY OF FOREST

Any forest land owner is faced with the problem of when to harvest the trees for maximum returns. Value of the products must be greater than the accumulated costs at the time of sale if a profit is to be realized. After a forest has developed to the place where a net profit is possible, then the decision as to when to harvest is simply that time when the added value of growth for a given period is not greater than the costs for that period and when little likelihood exists that the value of future increased growth will exceed future costs.

Table 26 shows the net income which would be possible from timber harvested at specified years. It is based on production as shown in U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, tables of accumulated costs, and various net prices per M.B.F. for standing timber. No price for standing timber below \$20 per M.B.F. was considered because no net income seems possible at such prices, even considering the lowest production costs which could reasonably be considered.

Table 26 also indicates approximate "financial maturity" at the various costs and prices. No net income appears under \$40 per M.B.F. for standing timber and then only for the best site and for costs (other than land) of less than \$1 per acre per year. The pattern is much the same for all situations shown in Table 26 except for differences in net income or loss. For all combinations shown in the table, it appears that forests are "financially" mature by or before the 70th year. From then on, the value added by growth is less than costs and the forest has passed "financial maturity." These tables assume the same value per M.B.F. for logs regardless of size or age of tree.

Maturity calculations would be altered by using different values for timber per M.B.F., with quality increases coming from older and larger trees. However, no source of such value change was found on which to base differential value. Income would be changed by calculations using differential value due to quality differences by either lowering value of timber from smaller trees, raising it from larger trees, or a combination of both.

As shown in Table 26, it would take extremely high values of timber to justify holding much beyond 70 years. In fact, about the only kind of trees which would be profitable beyond 80 years would be those which develop into high value veneer logs. For example, on \$50 land with \$1 yearly costs, the accumulated costs at 100 years would be \$3665.75. It would take more than 7,000 board feet at \$500 per M.B.F. (only select veneer logs would qualify) to show a net profit or a combination of somewhat less than 7,000 board feet at this high price

plus other lumber at lower prices. At \$50 per M.B.F., it would take more than 70,000 board feet to meet accumulated costs.

Table 26 assumes no subsidy such as relief from taxes or subsidized stand improvement work. Such subsidies would have to be deducted from expenses if they were received or contemplated. Calculations have not been made for timber land purchased as partially grown stands. For such purposes, the purchase cost could be considered as the accumulated costs up to that time. The advantage in this case would accrue to the purchaser if he were able to purchase at less than accumulated costs and land value. The loss would be borne by the seller.

### TIMBER STAND IMPROVEMENT COSTS

Costs of timber stand improvement work would normally be incurred during the early stages of growth. Therefore the cost plus interest by harvest date would be considerable. Assuming that a significant amount of improvement can be accomplished by the 30th year of growth and no improvement is necessary beyond that, the costs of various amounts incurred for work plus 4 percent interest at the 30th year would be as follows:

Assumed Accumulated Costs at 30 years	Costs by End of Year					
	50	60	70	80	90	100
\$10	\$ 21.91	\$ 32.43	\$ 48.01	\$ 71.07	\$105.20	\$155.72
20	43.82	64.86	96.02	142.14	210.40	311.44
30	65.73	97.29	144.03	213.21	315.60	467.16
40	87.64	129.72	192.04	284.28	420.80	622.88
50	109.55	162.15	240.05	355.35	526.00	778.60
60	131.46	194.58	288.06	426.42	731.20	934.32

Very few hours of work per acre could be performed and have less than \$50 invested at the end of the 30th year. At the low wage rate of \$1.25 per hour, if the work were performed equally at 10, 20, and 30 years, each \$10 in accumulated costs at 30 years would have provided 1.75 hours of work per acre at each of the three periods. It would provide 48 minutes of work each fifth year until the 30th year—at the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, and 30th years. If improvement work was desirable each year of the first 30 years, it would be possible to devote 8.5 minutes per acre each year for each \$10 of accumulated costs at the 30th year or 1 hour for each 7 acres each year.

With these expenditures, the amount of increased value of the timber per acre necessary to break even can be determined from the table above. For example, if it were desirable to devote 1 hour per year



for each 2 acres, the costs for each acre at the end of the first 30 years would be just over \$35. The necessary added value would be half way between the lines for \$30 and \$40. At the end of the 80th year, such value added must amount to \$368.20. Any particular values or costs can be calculated readily from compound interest tables.

These costs must be added to interest on land value and costs for fencing, fire protection, and taxes to arrive at total costs as of any given year.

## SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

At present timber prices and with yields as typical of even the best of the area, it appears that production of sawtimber in Southeastern Ohio holds doubtful prospects for profit when all costs are included. However, by purchasing a stand of timber partly grown or writing off past costs of presently owned timberland, profit still might be possible. However, such profit will come largely because it was purchased far below actual costs already borne by someone. With a practice of clear cutting, the owner is then faced with starting (for all practical purposes) with bare land. Then all costs indicated in the accompanying tables will apply to the new forest area.

Apparently if an owner is anticipating a profit from production of timber in this area, he should plan on some kind of income from the forest area in addition to timber income. Such income might take the form of recreation or hunting, either on the part of the owner or for pay by others for use of the area.

Costs presented in Tables 1 and 2 demonstrate the importance of early maturity of trees for lumber use. This can be summarized by pointing out how accumulated costs increase. Assuming these accumulated costs at 100 years as 100 percent, the following percentages represent the comparative accumulations at various periods:

	Accumulated Costs as Percent of Accumulated Costs at 100 Years
at 20 years	2.5
at 30 years	4.6
at 40 years	7.7
at 50 years	12.4
at 60 years	19.3
at 70 years	29.4
at 80 years	44.6
at 90 years	67.0
at 100 years	100.0

This means that the growth at 100 years would have to be eight times as valuable as at 50 years, five times as great as at 60 years, and more than twice that at 80 years. This is clearly pictured in the table concerning net income at various prices and yields.

It is evident that emphasis must be placed on producing a mature or marketable tree in as short time as possible, even if the volume yield per acre is considerably less. A tree yielding 300 board feet of lumber at 60 years is much more profitable than one with 600 or even 1000 board feet at 100 years unless quality differences are very great. This might occur with production of high quality veneer logs. There is apparently no proof that even good quality veneer logs cannot be produced at earlier maturity dates than 100 years. The accomplishment of early maturity of trees should be the object of concentrated research.

**TABLE 1.—Accumulated Interest Cost per Acre for Land at Various Prices at Specified Years, 4 Percent Interest\* (to Nearest Dollar).**

Price per Acre	End of Year							
	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$10	\$ 5	\$12	\$ 22	\$ 38	\$ 61	\$ 95	\$220	\$495
20	10	24	45	76	122	190	441	990
30	14	36	67	114	183	286	661	1485
40	19	48	90	152	244	381	882	1980
50	24	60	112	190	305	476	1102	2475

\*If 5% interest rate was used rather than 4%, the accumulated interest cost on land investment would be 58.9% greater at 40 years, 71.4% at 50 years, 85.7% at 60 years, 120.2% at 80 years, and 163.6% at 100 years.

**TABLE 2.—Accumulated Cost per Acre for Annual Recurring Costs\* Other Than for Land, 4 Percent Interest† (to Nearest Dollar).**

Yearly Costs per Acre	End of Year							
	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$1	\$12	\$ 31	\$ 58	\$ 99	\$159	\$ 248	\$ 573	\$1287
2	25	62	117	198	318	495	1147	2574
3	37	93	175	296	476	743	1720	3861
4	50	124	233	395	635	990	2293	5149
5	62	155	292	494	794	1238	2866	6436

\*Interest on these costs was assumed to start in the year costs occurred.

†If 5% interest rate was used rather than 4%, the accumulated cost would be 28.3% greater at 40 years, 38.4% greater at 50 years, 50.0% greater at 60 years, 77.9% greater at 80 years, and 112.2% greater at 100 years.

**TABLE 3.—Accumulated Costs of Various Combinations of Land Value and Other Yearly Costs, 4 Percent Interest (to Nearest Dollar).**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		End of Year							
			10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$10	\$1		\$17	\$ 43	\$ 80	\$ 137	\$ 220	\$ 343	\$ 793	\$1782
10	2		30	74	139	236	379	590	1368	3069
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	43	105	197	309	475	721	1622	3600
10	3	2	43	105	197	322	506	780	1781	3978
10	4	1	55	136	255	396	603	910	2038	4509
10	4	2	55	136	255	408	634	968	2196	4887
10	5	1	67	168	314	482	731	1100	2452	5419
10	5	2	67	168	314	495	762	1158	2611	5797
20	1		22	55	103	175	281	438	1014	2277
20	2		35	86	162	274	440	685	1589	3564
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	47	117	220	347	536	816	1843	4095
20	3	2	47	117	220	360	567	875	2002	4473
20	4	1	60	148	278	434	664	1005	2259	5004
20	4	2	60	148	278	446	695	1063	2417	5382
20	5	1	72	179	337	520	792	1195	2673	5914
20	5	2	72	179	337	533	823	1253	2832	6292
30	1		27	67	125	213	342	534	1234	2772
30	2		39	98	184	312	501	781	1809	4059
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	52	129	242	385	597	912	2063	4590
30	3	2	52	129	242	398	628	971	2222	4968
30	4	1	64	160	300	472	725	1101	2479	5499
30	4	2	64	160	300	484	756	1159	2637	5877
30	5	1	77	191	359	558	853	1291	2893	6409
30	5	2	77	191	359	571	884	1349	3052	6787

**TABLE 3. (Continued)—Accumulated Costs of Various Combinations of Land Value and Other Yearly Costs, 4 Percent Interest (to Nearest Dollar).**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		End of Year							
			10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$40	\$1		\$32	\$ 79	\$148	\$251	\$ 403	\$ 629	\$1455	\$3267
40	2		44	110	207	350	562	876	2030	4554
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	57	141	265	423	658	1007	2284	5085
40	3	2	57	141	265	436	689	1066	2443	5463
40	4	1	69	172	323	510	786	1196	2700	5994
40	4	2	69	172	323	522	817	1254	2858	6372
40	5	1	82	203	382	596	914	1386	3114	6904
40	5	2	82	203	382	609	945	1444	3273	7282
50	1		37	91	170	289	464	724	1675	3762
50	2		50	122	229	388	623	971	2250	5049
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	62	153	287	461	719	1102	2504	5580
50	3	2	62	153	287	474	750	1161	2663	5958
50	4	1	74	184	345	548	847	1291	2920	6489
50	4	2	74	184	345	560	878	1349	3078	6867
50	5	1	86	215	404	634	975	1481	3334	7399
50	5	2	86	215	404	647	1006	1539	3493	7777

**TABLE 4.—Interest Cost per Acre for Specified Years for Land at Various Prices, 4 Percent Interest.\***

Price per Acre	Year							
	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$10	\$ .57	\$ .84	\$1.25	\$1.85	\$ 2.73	\$ 4.05	\$ 8.87	\$19.42
20	1.14	1.69	2.49	3.69	5.47	8.09	17.73	38.85
30	1.71	2.53	3.74	5.54	8.20	12.14	26.60	58.27
40	2.28	3.37	4.99	7.38	10.93	16.19	35.47	77.70
50	2.85	4.21	6.24	9.23	13.67	20.23	44.33	97.12

\*If 5% rate was used rather than 4%, the yearly cost would be 81.6% greater at 40 years, 99.8% greater at 50 years, 179.8% greater at 60 years, 166.2% greater at 80 years, and 222.4% greater at 100 years.

**TABLE 5.—Annual Outlay Plus Interest on Past Annual Outlays for Specified Years, 4 Percent Interest.\***

Yearly Costs per Acre	Year							
	10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$1.00	\$1.42	\$ 2.11	\$ 3.12	\$ 4.62	\$ 6.83	\$10.11	\$ 22.16	\$ 48.56
2.00	2.85	4.21	6.24	9.23	13.67	20.23	44.33	97.12
3.00	4.27	6.32	9.36	13.85	20.50	30.34	66.49	145.69
4.00	5.69	8.43	12.47	18.47	27.33	40.46	88.65	194.25
5.00	7.12	10.53	15.59	23.08	34.17	50.57	110.82	242.80

\*If 5% rate was used rather than 4%, the yearly cost would be 45.2% greater at 40 years, 60.2% greater at 50 years, 75.9% greater at 60 years, 112.9% greater at 80 years, and 157.9% greater at 100 years.

**TABLE 6.—Costs for Specified Years for Various Combinations of Expenses, 4 Percent Interest.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year							
			10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$10	\$1		\$1.99	\$ 2.95	\$ 4.37	\$ 6.47	\$ 9.56	\$14.16	\$ 31.03	\$ 67.98
10	2		3.42	5.05	7.49	11.08	16.40	24.28	53.20	116.56
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4.84	7.16	10.61	12.85	19.02	28.15	61.69	133.97
10	3	2	4.84	7.16	10.61	14.28	21.12	31.27	68.53	149.54
10	4	1	6.26	9.27	13.72	16.05	23.74	35.15	77.02	166.96
10	4	2	6.26	9.27	13.72	17.47	25.85	38.27	83.85	182.53
10	5	1	7.69	11.37	16.84	19.24	28.47	42.15	112.36	199.94
10	5	2	7.69	11.37	16.84	20.66	30.58	45.26	119.19	215.51
20	1		2.56	3.80	5.61	8.31	12.30	18.20	39.89	87.41
20	2		3.99	5.90	8.73	12.92	19.14	28.32	62.06	135.99
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	5.41	8.01	11.85	14.69	21.76	32.19	70.55	153.40
20	3	2	5.41	8.01	11.85	16.12	23.86	35.31	77.39	168.97
20	4	1	6.83	10.12	14.96	17.89	26.48	39.19	85.88	186.39
20	4	2	6.83	10.12	14.96	19.31	28.59	42.31	92.61	201.96
20	5	1	8.26	12.22	18.08	21.08	31.21	46.19	101.22	219.37
20	5	2	8.26	12.22	18.08	22.50	33.32	49.30	108.05	234.94
30	1		3.13	4.64	6.86	10.16	15.03	22.25	48.76	106.83
30	2		4.56	6.74	9.98	14.77	21.87	32.37	70.93	155.39
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	5.98	8.85	13.10	16.54	24.49	36.24	79.42	172.82
30	3	2	5.98	8.85	13.10	17.97	26.59	39.36	86.26	188.39
30	4	1	7.40	10.96	16.21	19.74	29.21	43.24	94.75	205.81
30	4	2	7.40	10.96	16.21	21.16	31.32	46.36	101.58	221.38
30	5	1	8.83	13.06	19.33	22.93	33.94	50.24	110.09	238.79
30	5	2	8.83	13.06	19.33	24.35	36.05	53.35	116.92	254.36

TABLE 6. (Continued)—Costs for Specified Years for Various Combinations of Expenses, 4 Percent Interest.

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year							
			10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100
\$40	\$1		\$3.70	\$ 5.48	\$ 8.11	\$12.00	\$17.76	\$26.30	\$ 57.63	\$126.26
40	2		5.13	7.58	11.23	16.61	24.60	36.42	79.80	174.82
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	6.55	9.69	14.35	18.38	27.22	40.29	88.29	192.25
40	3	2	6.55	9.69	14.35	19.81	29.32	43.41	95.13	207.82
40	4	1	7.97	11.80	17.46	21.58	31.94	47.29	103.62	225.24
40	4	2	7.97	11.80	17.46	23.00	34.05	50.41	110.45	240.84
40	5	1	9.40	13.90	20.58	24.77	36.67	54.29	118.96	258.22
40	5	2	9.40	13.90	20.58	26.19	38.78	57.40	125.79	273.79
50	1		4.27	6.32	9.36	13.85	20.50	30.34	66.49	145.68
50	2		5.70	8.42	12.48	18.46	27.34	40.46	88.66	194.24
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	7.12	10.53	15.60	20.23	29.96	44.33	97.15	211.67
50	3	2	7.12	10.53	15.60	21.66	32.06	47.45	103.99	227.24
50	4	1	8.54	12.64	18.71	23.43	34.68	51.33	112.48	244.66
50	4	2	8.54	12.64	18.71	24.85	36.79	54.45	119.31	260.23
50	5	1	9.97	14.74	21.83	26.62	39.41	58.33	127.82	277.64
50	5	2	9.97	14.74	21.83	28.04	41.52	61.44	134.65	293.21

**TABLE 7.—Necessary Price per M.B.F. on Stump to Return All Costs, 4 Percent Interest. Yields Based on U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, International Rule.\***

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre	Site Index 40†			
		Age at Harvest			
		50 Years	60 Years	80 Years	100 Years
\$10	\$0	\$ 44	\$ 35	\$ 37	\$ 54
10	1	158	127	135	194
10	2	272	219	232	334
10	3	386	311	329	474
10	4	500	403	427	614
10	5	614	495	524	754
20	0	87	70	75	108
20	1	201	162	172	248
20	2	315	254	269	388
20	3	430	346	367	528
20	4	544	438	464	668
20	5	658	530	561	808
30	0	131	106	112	161
30	1	245	198	209	301
30	2	359	290	307	441
30	3	473	382	404	581
30	4	587	474	501	721
30	5	701	566	599	861
40	0	174	141	149	216
40	1	288	233	247	356
40	2	403	325	344	496
40	3	517	417	441	636
40	4	631	509	539	776
40	5	745	601	636	916
50	0	218	176	187	269
50	1	332	268	284	409
50	2	446	360	382	549
50	3	560	452	479	689
50	4	674	545	576	829
50	5	789	637	674	969

\*Any yields differing from these could be adjusted by appropriate amount. For example, if improvement work resulted in 20% more timber at 80 years, the figures in that column would be adjusted by dividing by 1.2, resulting in a decrease of 1/6 in necessary price.

†Height attained by average dominant and codominant oak at the age of 50 years.



**TABLE 8.—Necessary Price per M.B.F. on Stump to Return All Costs, 4 Percent Interest. Yields Based on U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, International Rule.\***

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre	Site Index 50†			
		Age at Harvest			
		50 Years	60 Years	80 Years	100 Years
\$10	\$0	\$ 19	\$ 17	\$ 21	\$ 34
10	1	68	62	76	121
10	2	117	106	131	209
10	3	166	151	186	297
10	4	215	195	241	384
10	5	265	240	296	472
20	0	38	34	42	67
20	1	87	78	97	155
20	2	136	122	152	243
20	3	185	167	207	330
20	4	234	211	262	418
20	5	283	255	317	505
30	0	56	51	63	101
30	1	105	95	118	189
30	2	155	140	173	276
30	3	204	184	228	364
30	4	253	228	283	452
30	5	302	273	338	539
40	0	75	68	84	135
40	1	124	112	139	223
40	2	173	157	194	310
40	3	223	201	249	398
40	4	272	245	304	485
40	5	321	290	359	573
50	0	94	85	105	168
50	1	143	129	160	256
50	2	192	174	215	343
50	3	241	218	270	431
50	4	290	263	325	519
50	5	340	307	380	606

\*See footnote to Table 7.

†Height attained by average dominant and codominant oak at the age of 50 years.

**TABLE 9.—Necessary Price per M.B.F. on Stump to Return All Costs, 4 Percent Interest, Yields Based on U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, International Rule.\***

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre	Site Index 60†			
		Age at Harvest			
		50 Years	60 Years	80 Years	100 Years
\$10	\$0	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 14	\$ 24
10	1	35	35	51	85
10	2	60	61	87	147
10	3	86	87	124	209
10	4	111	112	161	270
10	5	136	138	198	332
20	0	19	20	28	47
20	1	45	45	65	109
20	2	70	71	102	171
20	3	95	96	138	232
20	4	121	122	175	294
20	5	146	147	212	356
30	0	29	29	42	71
30	1	54	55	79	133
30	2	80	81	116	194
30	3	105	106	153	256
30	4	130	132	190	318
30	5	156	157	226	379
40	0	39	39	56	95
40	1	64	65	93	156
40	2	89	90	130	218
40	3	116	116	166	280
40	4	141	142	203	341
40	5	167	167	240	403
50	0	48	49	70	118
50	1	74	75	107	180
50	2	99	100	144	241
50	3	124	126	180	303
50	4	150	152	217	365
50	5	175	177	254	427

\*See footnote to Table 7

†Height attained by average dominant and codominant oak at the age of 50 years

**TABLE 10.—Necessary Price per M.B.F. on Stump to Return All Costs, 4 Percent Interest. Yields Based on U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, International Rule.\***

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre	Site Index 70†			
		Age at Harvest			
		50 Years	60 Years	80 Years	100 Years
\$10	\$0	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 18
10	1	23	25	37	64
10	2	39	43	65	111
10	3	55	60	92	158
10	4	72	78	119	204
10	5	88	96	146	251
20	0	12	14	21	36
20	1	29	32	48	82
20	2	45	49	75	129
20	3	62	67	102	176
20	4	78	85	129	222
20	5	94	103	156	269
30	0	19	20	31	54
30	1	35	38	58	100
30	2	52	56	85	147
30	3	68	74	112	193
30	4	84	92	139	240
30	5	101	110	167	287
40	0	25	27	41	72
40	1	41	45	69	118
40	2	58	63	96	165
40	3	74	81	123	211
40	4	91	99	150	258
40	5	107	117	177	305
50	0	31	34	52	90
50	1	48	52	79	136
50	2	64	70	106	183
50	3	80	88	133	229
50	4	97	106	160	276
50	5	113	124	187	322

\*See footnote to Table 7

†Height attained by average dominant and codominant oak at the age of 50 years

**TABLE 11.—Necessary Price per M.B.F. on Stump to Return All Costs, 4 Percent Interest. Yields Based on U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin No. 560, International Rule.\***

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre	Site Index 80†			
		Age at Harvest			
		50 Years	60 Years	80 Years	100 Years
\$10	\$0	\$ 4	\$ 5	\$ 8	\$ 14
10	1	16	18	29	52
10	2	28	32	50	89
10	3	39	45	71	127
10	4	51	59	92	164
10	5	62	72	113	202
20	0	9	10	16	29
20	1	20	24	37	66
20	2	32	37	58	104
20	3	44	50	79	141
20	4	55	64	100	179
20	5	67	77	121	216
30	0	13	15	24	43
30	1	25	29	45	81
30	2	37	42	66	118
30	3	48	55	87	155
30	4	60	69	108	193
30	5	71	82	130	230
40	0	18	20	32	58
40	1	29	34	53	95
40	2	41	47	74	132
40	3	53	60	95	170
40	4	64	74	117	207
40	5	76	87	138	245
50	0	22	25	40	72
50	1	34	39	61	109
50	2	45	52	82	147
50	3	57	66	103	184
50	4	69	79	125	222
50	5	80	92	146	259

\*See footnote to Table 7

†Height attained by average dominant and codominant oak at the age of 50 years.

**TABLE 12.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$20 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		62	92	136	202	443	971
10	1		218	323	478	708	1551	3399
10	2		374	554	820	1214	2660	5828
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	530	642	951	1407	3084	6698
20	0		125	184	273	404	886	1942
20	1		280	415	615	910	1994	4370
20	2		436	646	957	1416	3103	6799
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	592	734	1088	1609	3527	7670
30	0		187	277	410	607	1330	2913
30	1		343	508	751	1112	2438	5341
30	2		499	738	1093	1618	3546	7769
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	655	827	1224	1812	3971	8641
40	0		249	369	546	809	1773	3885
40	1		405	600	888	1315	2881	6313
40	2		561	830	1230	1821	3990	8741
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	717	919	1361	2014	4414	9612
50	0		312	461	683	1012	2216	4856
50	1		468	692	1025	1517	3324	7284
50	2		624	923	1367	2023	4433	9712
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	780	1011	1498	2216	4857	10583

**TABLE 13.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$30 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		42	62	91	135	206	647
10	1		146	216	319	472	1034	2266
10	2		250	369	547	809	1773	3885
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	354	428	634	938	2056	4466
20	0		83	123	182	270	591	1295
20	1		187	277	410	607	1330	2914
20	2		291	431	638	944	2069	4533
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	395	490	725	1073	2352	5113
30	0		125	185	273	405	887	1942
30	1		229	339	501	742	1625	3561
30	2		333	492	729	1079	2364	5180
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	437	551	816	1208	2647	5761
40	0		166	246	364	540	1182	2590
40	1		270	400	592	877	1921	4209
40	2		374	554	820	1214	2660	5827
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	478	613	907	1343	2943	6408
50	0		208	308	456	674	1478	3237
50	1		312	462	683	1011	2216	4856
50	2		416	615	911	1349	2955	6475
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	520	674	999	1478	3238	7056

**TABLE 14.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$40 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		31	46	68	101	222	485
10	1		109	162	239	354	776	1699
10	2		187	277	410	607	1330	2914
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	265	321	475	704	1542	3349
20	0		62	92	137	202	443	971
20	1		140	208	307	455	997	2185
20	2		218	323	478	708	1551	3400
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	296	367	544	805	1764	3835
30	0		93	138	205	303	665	1457
30	1		171	254	376	556	1219	2671
30	2		249	369	547	809	1773	3885
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	327	413	612	906	1985	4320
40	0		125	184	273	405	887	1942
40	1		203	300	444	657	1441	3156
40	2		281	415	615	910	1995	4370
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	359	459	680	1007	2207	4806
50	0		156	231	342	506	1108	2428
50	1		234	346	512	758	1662	3642
50	2		312	461	683	1011	2216	4856
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	390	506	749	1108	2429	5292

**TABLE 15.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$50 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		25	37	55	81	177	388
10	1		87	129	191	283	621	1360
10	2		150	222	328	486	1064	2331
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	212	257	380	563	1234	2679
20	0		50	74	109	162	355	777
20	1		112	166	246	364	798	1748
20	2		175	258	383	566	1241	2720
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	237	294	435	644	1411	3068
30	0		75	111	164	243	532	1165
30	1		137	203	301	445	975	2137
30	2		200	295	437	647	1419	3108
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	262	331	490	725	1588	3456
40	0		100	148	219	324	709	1554
40	1		162	240	355	526	1153	2525
40	2		225	332	492	728	1596	3496
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	287	368	544	806	1766	3845
50	0		125	185	273	405	887	1942
50	1		187	277	410	607	1330	2914
50	2		250	369	547	809	1773	3885
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	312	405	599	887	1943	4233



**TABLE 16.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$60 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
Board Feet								
\$10	\$0		21	31	45	67	148	324
10	1		73	108	159	236	517	1133
10	2		125	185	273	405	887	1943
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	177	214	317	469	1028	2233
20	0		41	61	91	135	295	647
20	1		93	138	205	303	665	1457
20	2		145	215	319	472	1034	2266
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	197	245	363	536	1176	2557
30	0		62	92	137	202	443	971
30	1		114	169	250	371	813	1780
30	2		166	246	364	539	1182	2590
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	218	276	408	604	1324	2880
40	0		83	123	182	270	591	1295
40	1		135	200	296	438	960	2104
40	2		187	277	410	607	1330	2914
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	239	306	454	671	1471	3204
50	0		104	154	228	337	739	1619
50	1		156	231	342	506	1108	2428
50	2		208	308	456	674	1477	3237
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	260	337	499	739	1619	3528

**TABLE 17.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$70 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		18	26	39	58	127	277
10	1		62	92	137	202	443	971
10	2		107	158	234	347	760	1665
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	152	183	272	402	881	1914
20	0		36	53	78	116	253	555
20	1		80	119	177	260	570	1249
20	2		125	185	273	405	887	1943
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	169	210	311	460	1008	2191
30	0		53	79	117	173	380	832
30	1		98	145	215	318	697	1526
30	2		143	211	312	462	1013	2220
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	187	236	350	518	1135	2469
40	0		71	105	156	231	507	1110
40	1		116	171	254	376	823	1804
40	2		160	237	351	520	1140	2497
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	205	263	389	576	1261	2746
50	0		89	132	195	289	633	1387
50	1		134	198	293	433	950	2081
50	2		178	264	391	578	1267	2775
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	223	289	428	633	1388	3024

**TABLE 18.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary to Pay Current Specified Year's Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$80 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		16	23	34	51	111	243
10	1		55	81	119	177	388	850
10	2		94	138	205	303	665	1457
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	133	161	238	352	771	1675
20	0		31	46	68	101	222	486
20	1		70	104	154	227	498	1093
20	2		109	161	239	354	776	1700
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	148	184	272	402	882	1917
30	0		47	69	102	152	332	728
30	1		86	127	188	278	609	1335
30	2		125	185	273	405	887	1942
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	164	207	306	453	893	2160
40	0		62	92	137	202	443	971
40	1		101	150	222	329	720	1578
40	2		140	208	307	455	997	2185
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	179	230	340	504	1104	2403
50	0		78	115	171	253	554	1214
50	1		117	173	256	379	831	1821
50	2		156	231	342	506	1108	2428
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	195	253	374	554	1214	2646

**TABLE 19.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$20 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
Board Feet								
\$10	\$0		1,100	1,900	3,050	4,750	11,000	24,750
10	1		4,000	6,850	11,000	17,150	39,650	89,100
10	2		6,950	11,800	18,950	29,500	68,400	153,450
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	9,850	15,450	23,750	36,050	81,100	180,000
20	0		2,250	3,800	6,100	9,500	22,050	49,500
20	1		5,150	8,750	14,050	21,900	50,700	113,850
20	2		8,100	13,700	22,000	34,250	79,450	178,200
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	11,000	17,350	26,800	40,800	92,150	204,750
30	0		3,350	5,700	9,150	14,300	33,050	74,250
30	1		6,250	10,650	17,100	26,700	61,700	138,600
30	2		9,200	15,600	25,050	39,050	90,450	202,950
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	12,100	19,250	29,850	45,600	103,150	229,500
40	0		4,500	7,600	12,200	19,050	44,100	99,000
40	1		7,400	12,550	20,150	31,450	72,750	163,350
40	2		10,350	17,500	28,100	43,800	101,500	227,700
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	13,250	21,150	32,900	50,350	114,200	254,250
50	0		5,600	9,500	15,250	23,800	55,100	123,750
50	1		8,500	14,450	23,200	36,200	83,750	188,100
50	2		11,450	19,400	31,150	48,550	112,500	252,450
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	14,350	23,050	35,950	55,100	125,200	279,000

**TABLE 20.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$30 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		733	1,267	2,033	3,166	7,333	16,500
10	1		2,667	4,567	7,333	11,433	26,433	59,400
10	2		4,633	7,867	12,633	19,667	45,600	102,300
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	6,567	10,300	15,833	24,033	54,067	120,000
20	0		1,500	2,533	4,066	6,333	14,700	33,000
20	1		3,433	5,833	9,367	14,600	33,800	75,900
20	2		5,400	9,133	14,667	22,833	52,967	118,800
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	7,333	11,567	17,867	27,200	61,433	136,500
30	0		2,233	3,800	6,100	9,533	22,033	49,500
30	1		4,167	7,100	11,400	17,800	41,133	92,400
30	2		6,133	10,400	16,700	26,033	60,300	135,300
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	8,067	12,833	19,900	30,400	68,767	153,000
40	0		3,000	5,067	8,133	12,700	29,400	66,000
40	1		4,933	8,367	13,433	20,967	48,500	108,900
40	2		6,900	11,667	18,733	29,200	67,667	151,800
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	8,833	14,100	21,933	33,567	76,133	169,500
50	0		3,733	6,333	10,167	15,867	36,733	82,500
50	1		5,633	9,633	15,467	24,133	55,833	125,400
50	2		7,633	12,933	20,767	32,367	75,000	168,300
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	9,567	15,367	23,967	36,733	83,467	186,000

**TABLE 21.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$40 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
Board Feet								
\$10	\$0		550	950	1,525	2,375	5,500	12,375
10	1		2,000	3,425	5,525	8,575	19,825	44,550
10	2		3,475	5,900	9,475	14,750	34,200	76,725
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4,925	7,725	11,875	18,025	40,550	90,000
20	0		1,125	1,900	3,050	4,750	11,025	24,750
20	1		2,575	4,375	7,025	10,950	25,350	56,925
20	2		4,050	6,850	11,000	17,125	39,725	89,100
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	5,500	8,675	13,400	20,400	46,075	102,375
30	0		1,675	2,850	4,575	7,150	16,525	37,125
30	1		3,150	5,300	8,550	13,325	30,850	69,300
30	2		4,600	7,800	12,525	19,525	45,225	101,475
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	6,050	9,625	14,925	22,800	51,575	114,750
40	0		2,250	3,800	6,100	9,525	22,050	49,500
40	1		3,700	6,275	10,075	15,725	36,375	81,675
40	2		5,175	8,750	14,050	21,900	50,750	113,850
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	6,675	10,575	16,450	25,175	57,100	127,125
50	0		2,800	4,750	7,625	11,900	27,550	61,875
50	1		4,250	7,225	11,600	18,100	41,875	94,050
50	2		5,750	9,700	15,575	24,275	56,250	126,225
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	7,175	11,525	17,975	27,550	62,600	139,500

**TABLE 22.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$50 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		440	760	1,220	1,900	4,400	9,900
10	1		1,600	2,740	4,400	6,860	15,860	35,640
10	2		2,780	4,720	7,580	11,800	27,360	61,380
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,940	6,180	9,500	14,420	32,440	72,000
20	0		900	1,520	2,440	3,800	8,820	19,800
20	1		2,060	3,500	5,620	8,760	20,280	45,540
20	2		3,240	5,480	8,800	13,700	31,780	71,280
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4,400	6,940	10,720	16,320	36,860	81,900
30	0		1,340	2,280	3,660	5,720	13,220	29,700
30	1		2,500	4,260	6,840	10,680	24,680	55,440
30	2		3,680	6,240	10,020	15,620	36,180	81,180
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4,840	7,700	11,940	18,240	41,260	91,800
40	0		1,800	3,040	4,880	7,620	17,640	39,600
40	1		2,960	5,020	8,060	12,580	29,100	65,340
40	2		4,140	7,000	11,240	17,520	40,600	91,080
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	5,300	8,460	13,160	20,140	45,680	101,700
50	0		2,240	3,800	6,100	9,520	22,040	49,500
50	1		3,400	5,780	9,280	14,480	33,500	75,240
50	2		4,580	7,760	12,460	19,420	45,000	100,980
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	5,740	9,220	14,380	22,040	50,080	111,600

**TABLE 23.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$60 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		367	633	1,017	1,583	3,667	8,250
10	1		1,333	2,283	3,667	5,717	13,217	29,700
10	2		2,317	3,933	6,317	9,833	22,800	51,150
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,283	5,150	7,917	12,017	27,033	60,000
20	0		750	1,267	2,033	3,167	7,350	16,500
20	1		1,717	2,917	4,683	7,300	16,900	37,950
20	2		2,700	4,567	7,333	11,417	26,453	59,400
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,667	5,783	8,933	13,600	30,717	68,250
30	0		1,117	1,900	3,050	4,767	11,017	24,750
30	1		2,083	3,500	5,700	8,900	20,567	46,200
30	2		3,067	5,200	8,350	13,017	30,150	67,650
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereatter	4,033	6,417	9,950	15,200	34,383	76,500
40	0		1,500	2,533	4,067	6,350	14,700	33,000
40	1		2,467	4,183	6,717	10,483	24,250	54,450
40	2		3,450	5,833	9,367	14,600	33,833	75,900
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4,417	7,050	10,967	16,783	38,067	84,750
50	0		1,867	3,167	5,083	7,933	18,367	41,250
50	1		2,817	4,817	7,733	12,067	27,917	62,700
50	2		3,817	6,467	10,383	16,183	37,500	84,150
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4,783	7,683	11,983	18,367	41,733	93,000



**TABLE 24.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$70 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
Board Feet								
\$10	\$0		314	543	871	1,357	3,143	7,071
10	1		1,143	1,957	3,143	4,900	11,329	25,457
10	2		1,986	3,371	5,414	8,429	19,543	43,843
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	2,814	4,414	6,786	10,300	23,171	51,429
20	0		643	1,086	1,743	2,714	6,300	14,143
20	1		1,471	2,500	4,014	6,257	14,486	32,529
20	2		2,314	3,914	6,286	9,786	22,700	50,914
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,143	4,957	7,657	11,657	26,329	58,500
30	0		959	1,629	2,614	4,086	9,443	21,214
30	1		1,786	3,043	4,886	7,629	17,629	39,600
30	2		2,628	4,457	7,157	11,157	25,843	57,982
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,457	5,500	8,529	13,029	29,486	65,571
40	0		1,286	2,171	3,486	5,443	12,600	28,286
40	1		2,114	3,586	5,757	8,986	20,786	46,671
40	2		2,957	5,000	8,029	12,514	29,000	65,057
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,786	6,043	9,400	14,386	32,629	72,643
50	0		1,600	2,714	4,357	6,800	15,743	35,357
50	1		2,429	4,129	6,629	10,343	23,929	53,743
50	2		3,271	5,543	8,900	13,871	32,143	72,129
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	4,100	6,586	10,271	15,743	35,771	79,714

**TABLE 25.—Board Feet of Lumber per Acre Necessary at Various Harvest Dates to Pay Accumulated Costs at 4 Percent Interest and \$80 per M.B.F.**

Land Value per Acre	Other Yearly Costs per Acre		Harvest at End of Year					
			30	40	50	60	80	100
			Board Feet					
\$10	\$0		275	475	762	1,187	2,750	6,187
10	1		1,000	1,712	2,750	4,287	9,912	22,275
10	2		1,737	2,950	4,737	7,375	17,100	38,362
10	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	2,462	3,862	5,937	9,012	20,275	45,000
20	0		562	950	1,525	2,375	5,512	12,375
20	1		1,287	2,187	3,512	5,475	12,675	28,462
20	2		2,025	3,425	5,500	8,562	19,862	44,550
20	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	2,750	4,337	6,700	10,200	23,037	51,187
30	0		837	1,425	2,287	3,575	8,262	18,562
30	1		1,575	2,662	4,275	6,662	15,425	34,650
30	2		2,300	3,900	6,262	9,762	22,612	50,737
30	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,025	4,812	7,462	11,400	25,787	57,375
40	0		1,125	1,900	3,050	4,762	11,025	24,750
40	1		1,850	3,137	5,037	7,862	18,187	40,837
40	2		2,587	4,375	7,025	10,950	25,375	56,925
40	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,337	5,287	8,225	12,587	28,550	63,562
50	0		1,400	2,375	3,812	5,950	13,775	30,937
50	1		2,150	3,612	5,800	9,050	20,937	47,025
50	2		2,875	4,850	7,787	12,137	28,125	63,112
50	3	First 30 Years \$1 thereafter	3,587	5,762	8,987	13,775	31,300	69,750

**TABLE 26.—Net Income or Loss per Acre Which Would Be Realized from Timber at Specified Year of Age, Specified Value per M.B.F., and at Specified Costs with Interest at 4 Percent. Yields Based on Table 2, International Rule, U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin 560.\***

Age of Stand Year	Site Index 40		Site Index 50		Site Index 60		Site Index 70		Site Index 80	
	\$0 Land \$1 Upkeep	Value \$1 Upkeep	\$10 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$20 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$2 Upkeep
\$20 per M.B.F.										
20	\$—		\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—77	\$—109	\$—85	\$—116
30	—57		—75	—97	—120	—169	—114	—173	—105	—164
40	—88		—110	—148	—149	—250	—142	—242	—118	—218
50	—132		—156	—217	—217	—377	—209	—369	—190	—350
60	—195		—232	—327	—340	—589	—351	—600	—352	—601
70	—294		—362	—507	—560	—939	—608	—987	—646	—1025
80	—456		—585	—806	—923	—1497	—1032	—1606	—1132	—1706
90	—709		—940	—1271	—1489	—2350	—1696	—2557	—1898	—2759
100	—1104		—1489	—1994	—2355	—3643	—2735	—4023	—3075	—4364
\$30 per M.B.F.										
20	\$—		\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—75	\$—107	\$—81	\$—112
30	—56		—71	—93	—111	—160	—96	—155	—71	—130
40	—82		—96	—134	—117	—218	—87	—187	—32	—132
50	—118		—123	—184	—154	—314	—111	—271	—52	—212
60	—168		—176	—271	—243	—492	—212	—461	—166	—415
70	—253		—282	—426	—432	—811	—431	—810	—415	—794
80	—407		—480	—701	—766	—1340	—820	—1394	—859	—1433
90	—633		—814	—1145	—1306	—2167	—1451	—2312	—1588	—2449
100	—1012		—1342	—1847	—2146	—3434	—2441	—3726	—2731	—4020

\*For yields differing from these, adjustments would be necessary by the difference in yield times the given price per M.B.F. For example, if improvement work resulted in 5000 board feet increase at 80 years, the increased income would be 5 times M.B.F. price less any added costs involved above those stipulated in the tables.

**TABLE 26. (Continued)—Net Income or Loss per Acre Which Would Be Realized from Timber at Specified Year of Age, Specified Value per M.B.F., and at Specified Costs with Interest at 4 Percent. Yields Based on Table 2, International Rule, U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin 560.\***

Age of Stand Year	Site Index 40	Site Index 50		Site Index 60		Site Index 70		Site Index 80		
	\$0 Land Value \$1 Upkeep	\$10 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$20 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$2 Upkeep	
\$40 per M.B.F.										
20	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—74	\$—106	\$—78	\$—109	
30	—55	—68	—90	—93	—152	—79	—138	—38	—97	
40	—76	—82	—120	—85	—186	—32	—132	+54	—46	
50	—104	—91	—152	—91	—251	—14	—174	+85	—75	
60	—141	—120	—215	—146	—395	—73	—322	+20	—299	
70	—209	—199	—344	—304	—683	—256	—635	—184	—563	
80	—338	—376	—597	—610	—1184	—608	—1182	—587	—1161	
90	—557	—688	—1019	—1123	—1984	—1206	—2067	—1279	—2140	
100	—920	—1195	—1690	—1937	—3225	—2202	—3490	—2387	—3676	
\$50 per M.B.F.										
20	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—72	\$—104	\$—74	\$—105	
30	—54	—64	—86	—84	—143	—61	—120	—4	—63	
40	—70	—68	—106	—43	—154	—23	—77	+140	+40	
50	—90	—58	—119	—28	—188	+84	—76	+223	+63	
60	—114	—64	—159	—49	—298	+66	—183	+206	—43	
70	—166	—118	—263	—176	—555	—79	—458	+47	—332	
80	—289	—271	—492	—453	—1027	—396	—970	—314	—888	
90	—481	—562	—893	—940	—1801	—961	—1822	—970	—1831	
100	—828	—1048	—1543	—1728	—3016	—1905	—3193	—2043	—3332	

\*For yields differing from these, adjustments would be necessary by the difference in yield times the given price per M.B.F. For example, if improvement work resulted in 5000 board feet increase at 80 years, the increased income would be 5 times M.B.F. price less any added costs involved above those stipulated in the tables.

**TABLE 26. (Continued)—Net Income or Loss per Acre Which Would Be Realized from Timber at Specified Year of Age, Specified Value per M.B.F., and at Specified Costs with Interest at 4 Percent. Yields Based on Table 2, International Rule, U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin 560.\***

Age of Stand Year	Site Index 40		Site Index 50		Site Index 60		Site Index 70		Site Index 80	
	\$0 Land \$1 Upkeep	Value \$1 Upkeep	\$10 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$20 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$2 Upkeep
\$60 per M.B.F.										
20	\$—		\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—71	\$—103	\$—71	\$—101
30	—53		—61	—83	—76	—135	—44	—103	+29	—30
40	—64		—54	—94	—21	—122	+78	—22	+226	+126
50	—76		—26	—87	+35	—125	+181	+21	+360	+200
60	—87		—8	—103	+48	—201	+205	—44	+392	+143
70	—124		—37	—182	—48	—427	+98	—281	+278	—101
80	—220		—167	—388	—297	—871	—184	—758	—42	—616
90	—405		—436	—767	—757	—1618	—716	—1577	—661	—1522
100	—736		—901	—1396	—1519	—2807	—1608	—2897	—1689	—2978
\$70 per M.B.F.										
20	\$—		\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—69	\$—101	\$—67	\$—98
30	—52		—57	—79	—67	—126	—26	—85	+63	+4
40	—58		—39	—77	+9	—90	+133	+33	+312	+212
50	—62		+7	—54	+98	—62	+279	+119	+498	+338
60	—60		+48	—47	+145	—104	+344	+95	+578	+329
70	—81		+45	—101	+80	—299	+275	—104	+509	+130
80	—158		—62	—283	—140	—714	+28	—546	+231	—343
90	—329		—310	—641	—574	—1435	—471	—1332	—352	—1213
100	—644		—754	—1249	—1310	—2598	—1332	—2623	—1355	—2644

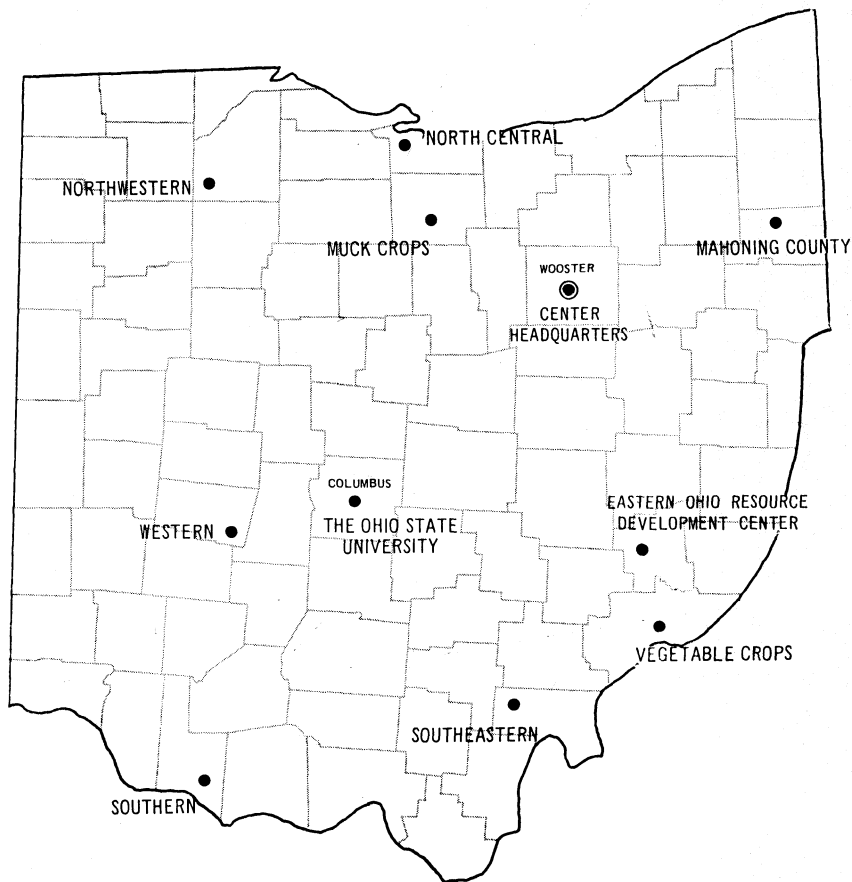
\*For yields differing from these, adjustments would be necessary by the difference in yield times the given price per M.B.F. For example, if improvement work resulted in 5000 board feet increase at 80 years, the increased income would be 5 times M.B.F. price less any added costs involved above those stipulated in the tables.

**TABLE 26. (Continued)—Net Income or Loss per Acre Which Would Be Realized from Timber at Specified Year of Age, Specified Value per M.B.F., and at Specified Costs with Interest at 4 Percent. Yields Based on Table 2, International Rule, U.S.D.A. Technical Bulletin 560.\***

Age of Stand Year	Site Index 40		Site Index 50		Site Index 60		Site Index 70		Site Index 80	
	\$0 Land \$1 Upkeep	Value \$1 Upkeep	\$10 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$20 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$30 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$40 Land \$2 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$1 Upkeep	\$50 Land \$2 Upkeep
					\$80 per M.B.F.					
20	\$—		\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—68	\$—100	\$—64	\$—95
30	—51		—54	—76	—59	—118	—9	—68	+96	+37
40	—52		—36	—64	+43	—58	+188	+88	+402	+298
50	—48		+41	—22	+161	+1	+376	+216	+635	+475
60	—33		+104	+9	+242	—7	+483	+234	+764	+515
70	—39		+126	—20	+208	—171	+452	+73	+740	+361
80	—102		+42	—179	+16	—558	+240	—334	+503	—71
90	—253		—184	—515	—391	—1252	—226	—1087	—43	—904
100	—552		—607	—1102	—1101	—2389	—1136	—2424	—1101	—2300

\*For yields differing from these, adjustments would be necessary by the difference in yield times the given price per M.B.F. For example, if improvement work resulted in 5000 board feet increase at 80 years, the increased income would be 5 times M.B.F. price less any added costs involved above those stipulated in the tables.

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Mahoning County Experiment Farm, Canfield: 275 acres  
 Muck Crops Branch, Willard, Huron County: 15 acres  
 North Central Branch, Vickery, Erie County: 335 acres  
 Northwestern Branch, Hoytville, Wood County: 247 acres  
 Southeastern Branch, Carpenter, Meigs County: 330 acres  
 Southern Branch, Ripley, Brown County: 275 acres  
 Vegetable Crops Branch, Marietta, Washington County: 20 acres  
 Western Branch, South Charleston, Clark County: 428 acres